

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, May 20.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, .03.
Temperature, Max. 79; Min. 69. Weather, variable.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.86c.; Per Ton, \$77.20.
88 Analysis Beets, 9s. 11½d.; Per Ton, \$81.70.

VOL. XLV., NO. 7732.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, MAY 21, 1907.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SALOON LIMITS FIXED FOR THE CITY DISTRICT

No Licenses Will Be Issued Outside a Given Locality—Lucas Thinks Board Illegal.

At the meeting of the Liquor License Commission yesterday the following saloon district was established:

Punchbowl, Beretania to King and along King to Liliha, southwesterly from the foot of Liliha street, to the gas works. Outside of that district there will be no licenses issued in Honolulu.

The district in which licenses will be issued embraces the Waikiki side of Punchbowl street and the mauka side of Beretania and King streets. No licenses will be issued on Fort street.

In regard to bonds there must be a strict compliance with the statute. There must be two good sureties or one qualified, by unincumbered real estate, in double the amount of the license.

"We are supposed to apply this law with common horse sense and not be bound by mere technicalities. If you are going to stick at fine points you may find that this Board is illegal. The law says that nobody who is directly or indirectly interested in the sale of liquor shall be a member of the Commission. Now there are three members of this Board indirectly interested in the liquor business. Mr. Campbell, Mr. Gilman and myself are members of clubs that sell liquor."

John Lucas made the foregoing remarks in substance at yesterday's meeting of the Liquor License Commission for Oahu. He was arguing against such a strict construction of the law, as he deemed it, as the literal enforcement of its provision that the bond of a licensee must have two good sureties on it.

The law requires a bond in a sum equal to twice the amount of the license fee for the class of license applied for, with "at least two good sureties." Mr. Lucas was contending that the bond furnished by a reputable surety company, either as principal or surety, with a personal bondsman in either capacity, was a good and sufficient bond for the board to accept.

Mr. Campbell raised the point that if the bond was not executed in compliance with the plain requirements of the law, it might be worthless if occasion arose to sue upon it.

Messrs. Ballentyne and Gilman sided with Mr. Campbell, while Mr. Long supported Mr. Lucas.

After a good deal of talk it was decided to ask the Attorney General for a written opinion on the matter.

Then the Commission took up a large batch of applications for both wholesale and retail licenses, voting, in their order, to advertise them for four weeks as required by law.

There was a full attendance, namely: C. G. Ballentyne, chairman; A. J. Campbell, secretary; Carlos A. Long, Jos. A. Gilman and John Lucas.

Replying to a question from the chair, in the bond discussion, Mr. Campbell said he believed there never had been a case, under the monarchy or since, of a prosecution on a liquor dealer's bond.

Mr. Lucas, however, recalled a case of about twenty-five years ago when a saloonkeeper, still in the business, was sued on his bond for the penalty then prescribed for selling liquor to a native Hawaiian.

JACK LONDON'S YACHT WITH ALL WELL ABOARD NOW AT PEARL HARBOR



MR. AND MRS. LONDON ABOARD THE SNARK.

Jack London's ketch-rigged yacht Snark, 27 days out from San Francisco, arrived off port at 8 a. m. yesterday, with everything tight aboard and the ship's company well and happy.

Folks flocked down to the waterfront to get a glimpse of the little craft which was designed to circumnavigate the globe. A glimpse was all they got, for the Snark gave a line to Young Brothers' tug Waterwitch and was towed to Pearl Harbor, where she dropped anchor off the Hobron place, and will probably remain there for the best part of the next two months.

The customs and quarantine people

went out to the Snark and pratique was quickly given. Shortly after 9 a. m. the tow to Pearl Harbor started and the locks were reached before 11:30 a. m.

AT ANCHOR.

An Advertiser man rowed out to the yacht in a small boat, only to find that the Londons had gone ashore. Capt. R. L. Eames was aboard, however, and Herbert Stolz, a Stanford man; Martin Johnson, a Kansas boy and Tochigi, a Japanese.

From the foremast floated the California Yacht Club's emblem, a blue star in white on a red ground; while

(Continued on Page Seven.)

AS TO PRIVATE SCHOOL LAW

Question Before Board—New High School Plans— Teachers, Etc.

For the first time the Board of Education, at yesterday's fortnightly meeting, had a case requiring construction of the law relating to private schools which was passed at the late session of the Legislature.

This came in a letter from Rev. Hans Isenberg, principal of the German school at Lihue, Kauai, applying for recognition of that institution as a private school within the meaning of the law.

According to the law a private school must have English as the basis of instruction, to be recognized by the Board and have its pupils exempt from the provisions relating to truancy.

Mr. Isenberg gave some description of the school, mentioning that certain of the teachers were graduates of German universities named.

Mr. A-I doubted if the information was sufficient to warrant the Board in giving the desired permit. Mr. Farrington also expressed himself as not satisfied and Superintendent Babbitt called in Inspector Baldwin, who was questioned about the character of the school in the respect at issue.

Mr. Baldwin said there was "a good deal of German" in the tuition. Asked if he thought English was prominent enough to justify the Board in granting a permit to the school, he answered, "I think so."

Mr. A-I wanted to be assured that the "basis of instruction" was English.

Mr. Farrington desired a more definite answer from the inspector. Supposing the care of a Japanese school where English was given equal prominence to what it was in the Lihue school, would it be entitled to a permit that would absolve its pupils from attendance at any other school?

"I think they ought to pay a little more attention to English," Mr. Baldwin said. Geography was entirely taught in English at the school, he further informed the Board, and from personal observation he knew that some of the pupils talked English as fluently as they did German.

Mr. A-I said it was not a question of talking English, but whether or not the school was conducted in that language according to law.

"Is it an English or a German school?" Mr. Babbitt inquired.

"It is a German school," was Mr. Baldwin's reply.

Mr. Farrington thought the school probably came under the provision of the law which authorized the Board to allow another language than English to be taught in addition thereto.

Yet the Board should have more specific information before acting.

Mr. Babbitt closed the discussion by saying he would write to Mr. Isenberg by the outgoing mail asking him to specify more exactly what kind of instruction the pupils were receiving.

OTHER BUSINESS.

Recommendations from the teachers' committee were adopted as follows:

That the request of Miss Mollie Yap, Kaula school, for leave of absence for rest of the term be granted.

That Miss Miriam Kaubane be appointed in place of Miss Hiscoc, resigned, at Hanalei.

That Miss Rickard, Alea, be granted leave of absence from May 20 until end of school year.

That C. E. Copeland, principal High school, Wailuku, be granted a life diploma.

Under the head of new business the resignation of Chas. Plack from Lahainauna and of D. B. Kuhns from Kaaawa were accepted.

A letter was read from J. F. Morrow, Spring Green, Wisconsin, which caused much amusement. He acknowledged the receipt of Hawaiian school exhibits for a sort of universal collection he is making and gave them high praise. It was obvious that he ran away with the idea that the Hawaiian school system had been created since annexation. No doubt he had never read the fact that children were sent from the Pacific Coast to Honolulu to be educated half a century ago.

A letter was received with more than a dozen signatures from Hookena, saying that the signers had signed a petition for the appointment of J. J. Matthews to the school there, without knowing its contents, and that they desired their names transferred to a petition for the appointment of Thos. N. Haas. A petition with about the same number of signatures for the appointment of Mr. Haas was received. All this was in view of the retirement of Mr. Amalu from the school on account of poor health. The matter was left in abeyance until the assignment of teachers for next term.

Miss Yoder of the High school grammar grade complained of what she deemed unintentional discrimination against her in the revised salary schedule. Action was deferred on this case, together with that of another teacher whose position was brought into discussion.

(Continued on Page Two.)

A COMMITTEE OF SEVEN IS OUT

San Francisco's Strike Is No Nearer a Settlement.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—The Committee of Seven, which was trying to settle the strike, has resigned. It was unable to secure the cooperation of Spreckels and Heney.

The Committee of Seven is the executive committee elected by a committee of fifty citizens appointed by Mayor Schmitz to deal with the disturbed industrial conditions in San Francisco. Its members are R. B. Hale, chairman, W. J. Barnett, P. H. McCarthy, F. B. Anderson, William P. McCabe, Michael Casey and Albert E. Castle. From the time of their first meeting, on May 10, they have been unable to accomplish much, the radical elements of both sides being strongly represented and so preventing any combined effort.

ARAB TRIBES IN REVOLT

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 21.—Arab tribes on the Euphrates and Tigris rivers are revolting against Turkish rule.

RIOTING GENERAL IN ODESSA

ODESSA, May 21.—The outlook here is black. Rioting is general and hundreds of Jews have been injured.

MEXICO MENACES GUATEMALA

CITY OF MEXICO, May 21.—Troops are being moved toward the Guatemalan frontier.

AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—Mayor Eugene Schmitz appeared in court today for trial. The trial was continued, however, until tomorrow, on motion of the prosecution to enable the prosecution to prepare affidavits to be presented in opposition to the motion made last week by Schmitz's attorneys for a change of venue.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Hummel today began to serve a year's term in the penitentiary.

ODESSA, May 20.—The superintendent of police and two detectives were killed here today by the explosion of an infernal machine.

SEATTLE, May 20.—The Federal Inspectors, who have had under investigation the loss of the Great Northern S. S. Dakota, near Yokohama, today returned a verdict. They decided that Captain Francke, the master of the vessel, who was responsible for her loss, should be barred from a renewal of his master's license for a period of thirty months.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Superman today won the Brooklyn Handicap in the good time of 2:09.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—The street-car situation is not changed. District Attorney Langdon is preparing to force a surrender of the Geary street line to the city on account of the failure of the corporation owning the franchise to operate the road.

FERTILIZER SHIPS.

The Hawaiian Fertilizer Co. has two ships under charter at present. The first of these to arrive will be the Southern Chief, which has already sailed from Hamburg. The second ship is the Invernell, which is now loading at Leith and should sail very soon.

CONGRESSIONAL PARTY AT HILO

Arrives in Three Divisions— Majority Do Kona Dis- trict Sunday.

(By Wireless Telegraph.)

HILO, May 20.—By three different ways as many divisions of the Congressional party have arrived here from Maui. The main body left Kahului in the Claudine, the steamer running past Nahiku and Hana, and around the northern and eastern base of Haleakala, direct to Kona.

Sunday was spent in that district. A visit was paid to Captain Cook's monument and to the spot where the first New England missionaries, in the big Thaddeus, landed in 1820. Other historic localities and scenes of picturesque interest were visited.

Twenty-six conveyances were on hand to take the visitors on the thirty-mile drive through the coffee district to Kailua.

A fine repast was served at Hualaloa at noon, at which W. W. Bruner addressed the Congressmen on behalf of tariff protection to coffee.

Late in the afternoon the guests were entertained at the Kailua palace by Delegate Kalaniana'ole.

Re-embarking in the Claudine the party landed early this morning at Laupahoehoe. From thence it was intended to proceed overland to Hilo, but there being no automobiles or large coaches only ten of the party took that route. Secretary Atkinson telephoned his dissatisfaction with the transportation provided to the Hilo committee. The majority of the party again boarded the Claudine, arriving here at 11 a. m.

Congressman J. Warren Keifer, Sen-

ator Piles, Congressmen Lilley, McGavin and Webb, also E. G. Lowrey of the New York Evening Post, arrived yesterday in the A.-H. steamer Mexican direct from Maui.

COUNTRY CLUB MAKES CHANGES IN BY-LAWS

A meeting of the stockholders of the Country Club was held last night in the Young Hotel for the purpose of making amendments to the by-laws, which had been found to conflict with each other in a number of instances. The changes were, as a rule, simply in the wording of certain sections, the only one of any great importance being in connection with the admission of ladies to the privileges of the club. This matter was settled so that ladies may become members of the club and have the right to vote as any other members may, and also may be allowed the privileges of the grounds by the directors, if proposed in due form, on the payment of a very small yearly fee and a small monthly due.

There were sixty members of the club present and, outside of a little routine business and that already mentioned, nothing was done. President E. Faxon Bishop presided.

SHERIFF IS COMING TO TAKE CLARK OFF

Sheriff Furniss of Barry county, Michigan, cabled to the Governor yesterday that he would leave San Francisco today for Honolulu to take W. D. Clark into custody.

Clark, it will be remembered, was arrested on May 7 by Chief Detective Taylor on information that he was wanted in Michigan for forging and cashing a \$300 check, also for running away with his wife's sister with whom he lived in Honolulu, since his arrival, as his wife.

Both here and in Hilo Clark had won some distinction as a religious exhorter and teacher.

NEW PLANTATION COMPANY FORMED

It Will Irrigate Large Tract of Cane Land Under Kohala Ditch.

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Company yesterday filed articles of incorporation of the Puakea Plantation Co., Ltd., of Kohala, Hawaii. The incorporators and officers for the first year are: John Hind, President; W. S. May, Vice President; H. R. Bryant, Treasurer; A. Mason, Secretary, and Robert Hall, Director. Mr. Hind is manager and Mr. May is assistant manager of Hawi Mill & Plantation Co.; Mr. Mason is manager of Puakea ranch, Mr. Hall, manager of Niuli plantation and Mr. Bryant is a successful cane planter in the Kohala district. The capitalization of the company is \$50,000, divided into shares of \$20 par value, and the term of the corporation is fifty years.

The Puakea Plantation Co., Ltd., has taken over the planting interests of what was heretofore known as the Puakea Planting Company and which are situated on the lands belonging to the estate of James Wight just above Mahukona. The advent of the Kohala ditch has brought out a greater development of these lands and the present corporation will raise in the neighborhood of 4000 tons of sugar annually, after two or three years' development. The present output of sugar on the planting interests taken over is something about 900 tons.

This output is all grown on unirrigated land and will be only a small part of the sugar which will be produced by the new company. The larger part of the property which will be used by the new plantation will be under the Kohala ditch and of the 5000 acres it owns it is expected that 3000 can be irrigated at a very reasonable expense and will be planted with cane in the near future.

The entire amount of capital stock of the new company has already been subscribed and the work will not be delayed for this reason. The deal was put through by the Waterhouse Trust Co.

MANAGER RESIGNS IMPORTANT POST

The Associated Charities May Shortly Lose a Valued Functionary.

The regular monthly meeting of the Associated Charities was held yesterday afternoon in the rooms at 1146 Alakea street, with the President, Judge Sanford B. Dole in the chair.

To the great consternation and regret of all present the following letter was read from Mrs. E. F. Berger who since 1899 has been the most efficient and successful manager of the organization.

Honolulu, May 20, 1907.
Mrs. J. M. Whitney, Secretary Associated Charities of Hawaii, Honolulu, T. H.

Dear Madam: Wishing to return to the States to reside permanently, I hereby resign my position as manager of the Associated Charities of Hawaii, my resignation to take effect in July, or as soon thereafter as a new manager can be obtained.

Trusting that this matter will be considered at the meeting to be held on this date, I am,

Sincerely yours,

EDITH F. BERGER.

The letter, which was wholly unexpected, was read by the Secretary, Mrs. J. M. Whitney.

A motion was offered by Bishop Restarick, which was unanimously carried, to defer action in regard to Mrs. Berger's resignation, until the next regular meeting in June.

The Treasurer reported a deficit of \$315.50, the first occurrence of the kind since the organization of the association of the society.

Mrs. Berger's report for the month of March and April showed that 111 persons had applied for relief; 83 had received relief. There had been 21 applications for relief in money, provisions, clothing, meals, service or medicine. Three persons had been furnished passage to San Francisco, and five

(Continued on Page Three.)